

Homework 9 (!)

- Consider the power set $\mathcal{P}(\mathbb{N})$. Let \sim be the relation $A \sim B$ provided A is a subset of B .
 - Determine whether \sim is reflexive, symmetric or transitive. For each, justify your answer.
 - Is \sim an equivalence relation? If so, what are its equivalence classes?
- Consider the relation \sim on the set $\{a, b, c, d\}$ such that this is the complete list of related elements:

$$\begin{array}{ccc} d \sim d & b \sim c & c \sim b \\ a \sim a & b \sim b & c \sim c \end{array}$$

Is \sim reflexive? Symmetric? Transitive? If a property holds, you do not need to justify it. If it doesn't, say why it fails. If all three hold, then \sim is an equivalence relation; in this case, list the equivalence classes.

- Consider the relation \sim on the set $\{a, b, c\}$ such that this is the complete list of related elements:

$$\begin{array}{ccc} c \sim c & c \sim b & a \sim c \\ a \sim b & b \sim c & b \sim b \end{array}$$

Is \sim reflexive? Symmetric? Transitive? If a property holds, you do not need to justify it. If it doesn't, say why it fails. If all three hold, then \sim is an equivalence relation; in this case, list the equivalence classes.

- Let \sim be the relation on \mathbb{Z} where $a \sim b$ if $a^2 \equiv b^2 \pmod{4}$. Prove that \sim is an equivalence relation. What are its equivalence classes?

