

# 04 – Matrix-Vector Products

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## Definition: Matrix-Vector Product (MVP)

Suppose that  $A$  is an  $m \times n$  matrix, and let  $\mathbf{x} = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ \vdots \\ x_n \end{bmatrix}$  be in  $\mathbb{R}^n$ . Let  $\mathbf{a}_1, \mathbf{a}_2, \dots, \mathbf{a}_n$  be the columns of  $A$ . Then we define the product  $A\mathbf{x}$  by

$$A\mathbf{x} = \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{a}_1 & \mathbf{a}_2 & \dots & \mathbf{a}_n \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ \vdots \\ x_n \end{bmatrix} = x_1\mathbf{a}_1 + x_2\mathbf{a}_2 + \dots + x_n\mathbf{a}_n.$$

1. Compute the following.

(a)  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & -5 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 3 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix}$

(b)  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & -5 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$

(c)  $\begin{bmatrix} 7 & -3 \\ 2 & 1 \\ 9 & -6 \\ -3 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ -5 \end{bmatrix}$

### Theorem

Let  $\mathbf{a}_1, \dots, \mathbf{a}_n, \mathbf{b}$  be vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^m$ . Then each of the following have the same solution set.

- **Linear system (as a matrix):**  $[\mathbf{a}_1 \ \cdots \ \mathbf{a}_n \mid \mathbf{b}]$
- **Vector equation:**  $x_1\mathbf{a}_1 + \cdots + x_n\mathbf{a}_n = \mathbf{b}$
- **Matrix equation:**  $A\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{b}$  where  $A$  is the matrix  $A = [\mathbf{a}_1 \ \cdots \ \mathbf{a}_n]$

### Theorem

Let  $\mathbf{a}_1, \dots, \mathbf{a}_n$  be vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^m$ , and let  $A$  be the matrix  $A = [\mathbf{a}_1 \ \cdots \ \mathbf{a}_n]$ . Then the following are logically equivalent, i.e. if one is true, they all are; if one is false, they all are.

- (a)  $A$  has a pivot position in *every row*.
- (b) For every  $\mathbf{b}$  in  $\mathbb{R}^m$ , the linear system with matrix  $[\mathbf{a}_1 \ \mathbf{a}_2 \ \cdots \ \mathbf{a}_n \mid \mathbf{b}]$  has a solution.
- (c) For every  $\mathbf{b}$  in  $\mathbb{R}^m$ ,  $\mathbf{b}$  is in  $\text{Span}\{\mathbf{a}_1, \dots, \mathbf{a}_n\}$ .
- (d) For every  $\mathbf{b}$  in  $\mathbb{R}^m$ , the equation  $A\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{b}$  has a solution.

2. Let  $\mathbf{v}_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -3 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix}$ ,  $\mathbf{v}_2 = \begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ 2 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$ ,  $\mathbf{v}_3 = \begin{bmatrix} -4 \\ 6 \\ -8 \end{bmatrix}$ . Determine if every vector in  $\mathbb{R}^3$  is in  $\text{Span}\{\mathbf{v}_1, \mathbf{v}_2, \mathbf{v}_3\}$