## 20 - Solving trigonometric equations

1. Consider the equation $\tan ^{2} x-3=0$. Find all solutions to the equation that lie in $[0,2 \pi)$.
2. Consider the equation $\cot x \sin ^{2} x=\cot x$. Find all solutions to the equation and also find those solutions that lie in $[0,2 \pi)$.
3. Consider the equation $2 \cos ^{2} x-7 \cos x-4=0$. Find all solutions to the equation and also find those solutions that lie in $[0,2 \pi)$.
Hint: the equation is of the form $2 y^{2}-7 y-4=0$. Try factoring.
4. Consider the equation $\sin ^{2} x=2+2 \cos x$. Find all solutions to the equation and also find those solutions that lie in $[0,2 \pi)$.
Hint: first try using a Pythagorean identity to convert $\sin ^{2} x$ to cosines-then factor.
5. Consider the equation $2 \cos (2 x)-\sqrt{3}=0$. Find all solutions to the equation and also find those solutions that lie in $[0,2 \pi)$.
Hint: try the substitution $\theta=2 x$.
6. Consider the equation $-1+\sin \left(\frac{x}{3}\right)=0$. Find all solutions to the equation and also find those solutions that lie in $[0,2 \pi)$.
