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## 08 - Tangents \& Velocity

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1. Suppose that the graph of $y=f(x)$ is given below. Let $a$ be an arbitrary number.

- Label the points $(a, f(a))$ and $(x, f(x))$ on the graph on the left.
- Draw the line through the points $(a, f(a))$ and $(x, f(x))$ on the graph on the left.
- Write an equation for the slope of this line underneath it.
- Label the points $(a, f(a))$ and $(a+h, f(a+h))$ on the graph on the right.
- Draw the line through the points $(a, f(a))$ and $(a+h, f(a+h))$ on the graph on the right.
- Write an equation for the slope of this line underneath it.



## Definition: Tangent Line

The tangent line to the graph of $f(x)$ at $x=a$ is the line through $(a, f(a))$ with

$$
\text { slope }=\lim _{x \rightarrow a} \frac{f(x)-f(a)}{x-a}=\lim _{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(a+h)-f(a)}{h}
$$

provided the limit exists. (Both limits yield the same answer, so you can choose which to use.)
2. On both of the graphs above (in part 1), draw the tangent line to the curve $y=f(x)$ when $x=a$.
3. The graph of the curve $y=\frac{1}{x}$ is below. Draw the tangent line to the curve $y=\frac{1}{x}$ at the point $\left(2, \frac{1}{2}\right)$, and find an equation for the tangent line to the curve $y=\frac{1}{x}$ at the point $\left(2, \frac{1}{2}\right)$.


## Definition: Velocity

If $s(t)$ gives the position of an object at time $t$, then the (instantaneous) velocity of the object at time $t=a$ is

$$
v(a)=\lim _{t \rightarrow a} \frac{s(t)-s(a)}{t-a}=\lim _{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{s(a+h)-s(a)}{h}
$$

provided the limit exists. (Both limits yield the same answer, so you can choose which to use.)
4. Suppose a ball is dropped from a bridge, and its height in feet after $t$ seconds is given by

$$
s(t)=-16 t^{2}+1600
$$

With what velocity will the ball hit the ground? Hint: first figure out when the ball hits the ground.

